## Federal Corporate Tax Rates — 2015–2021 (%)

(Prepared from information available as of January 8, 2021)

The rates shown are in effect for 12-month taxation years ended December 31. All rates that change must be pro-rated for taxation years that straddle the effective date.

			2015	2016 – 2017	2018	2019 – 2021	
General and manufacturing & processing (M&P) income		Basic rate	38				
		Less: provincial abatement	10				
		General federal rate (before deductions)	28				
		Less: general rate reduction or M&P deduction <sup>1</sup>	13 15				
		General federal and M&P rate					
Canadian- controlled private corporations (CCPCs)	Threshold	Small business deduction threshold <sup>2</sup>	\$500,000				
	Active business income up to threshold	General federal rate (before deductions) <sup>1</sup>	28				
		Less: small business deduction <sup>2</sup>	17	17.5	18	19	
		CCPC small business rate	11	10.5	10	9	
	<b>Investment</b> income	General federal rate (before deductions) <sup>1</sup>	28				
		Additional refundable tax	6.67	6.67 10.67			
		CCPC investment income rate	34.67	38.67			

## Notes:

and income of certain corporations (e.g., mutual fund corporations, mortgage investment corporations and investment corporations). In addition, income from a personal services business is:

The general rate reduction and M&P deduction do not apply to: income benefiting from the small business deduction; investment income of CCPCs;

- not eligible for the general rate reduction; and
- subject to a federal corporate tax rate of 33% (up from 28%) for taxation years ending after December 31, 2015 (pro-rated for taxation years straddling this date).

  The small business deduction applies to active business income earned in Canada of associated CCPCs, up to \$500,000. As a result of a clawback, the
- small business deduction is reduced if taxable capital employed in Canada, on an associated basis, exceeded \$10 million in the preceding year. For taxation years beginning after 2018, the small business deduction for a year of a CCPC that (together with associated CCPCs) earns more than \$50,000 of passive investment income in the previous year, is reduced by \$5 for every \$1 of that investment income over \$50,000 (it is eliminated at \$150,000 of investment income). The CCPC's small business deduction will be reduced by the greater of this new reduction and the existing clawback

Recent changes to the small business deduction follow:

	Changes effective after December 31, 2016			
	From	To	Effective	
Constitution de desertion	17.5%	18%	January 1, 2018	
Small business deduction	18%	19%	January 1, 2019	

(see above) that applies when associated taxable capital employed in Canada exceeds \$10 million.